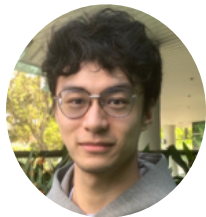


VENUS: A Geometrical Representation for Quantum State Visualization



Shaolun
RUAN



Ribo
YUAN



Qiang
GUAN



Yanna
LIN



Ying
MAO



Weiwen
JIANG



Zhepeng
WANG



Wei
XU



Yong
WANG





Agenda

- Background
- Motivation
- Existing work
- VENUS
- Evaluation
- Future work
- Conclusion

Background

Quantum computing

During computation process, no measurement is made

Quantum computing has achieved great success in recent years

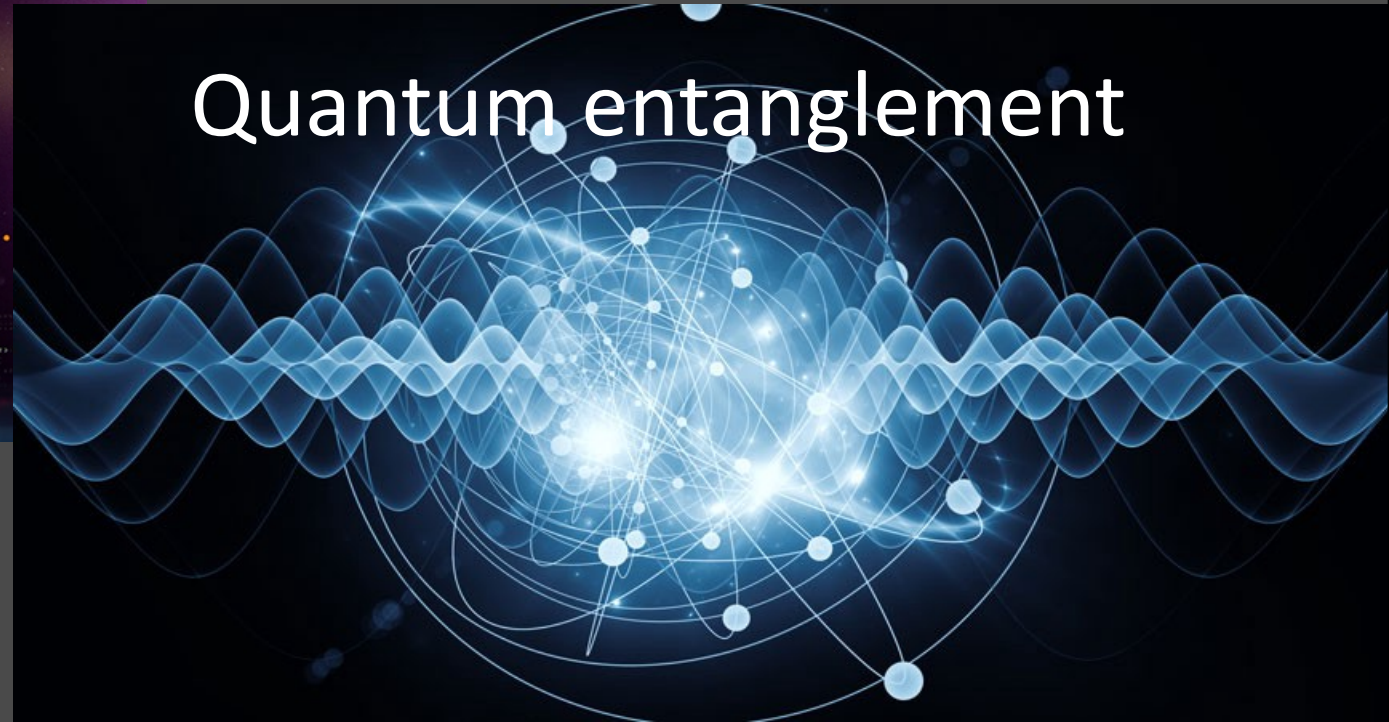
Background

Quantum computing

Quantum superposition



Quantum entanglement



During computation process, no measurement is made

Quantum superposition

a qubit can be in the state $|0\rangle$ or $|1\rangle$ simultaneously

Background

Quantum superposition



Quantum entanglement

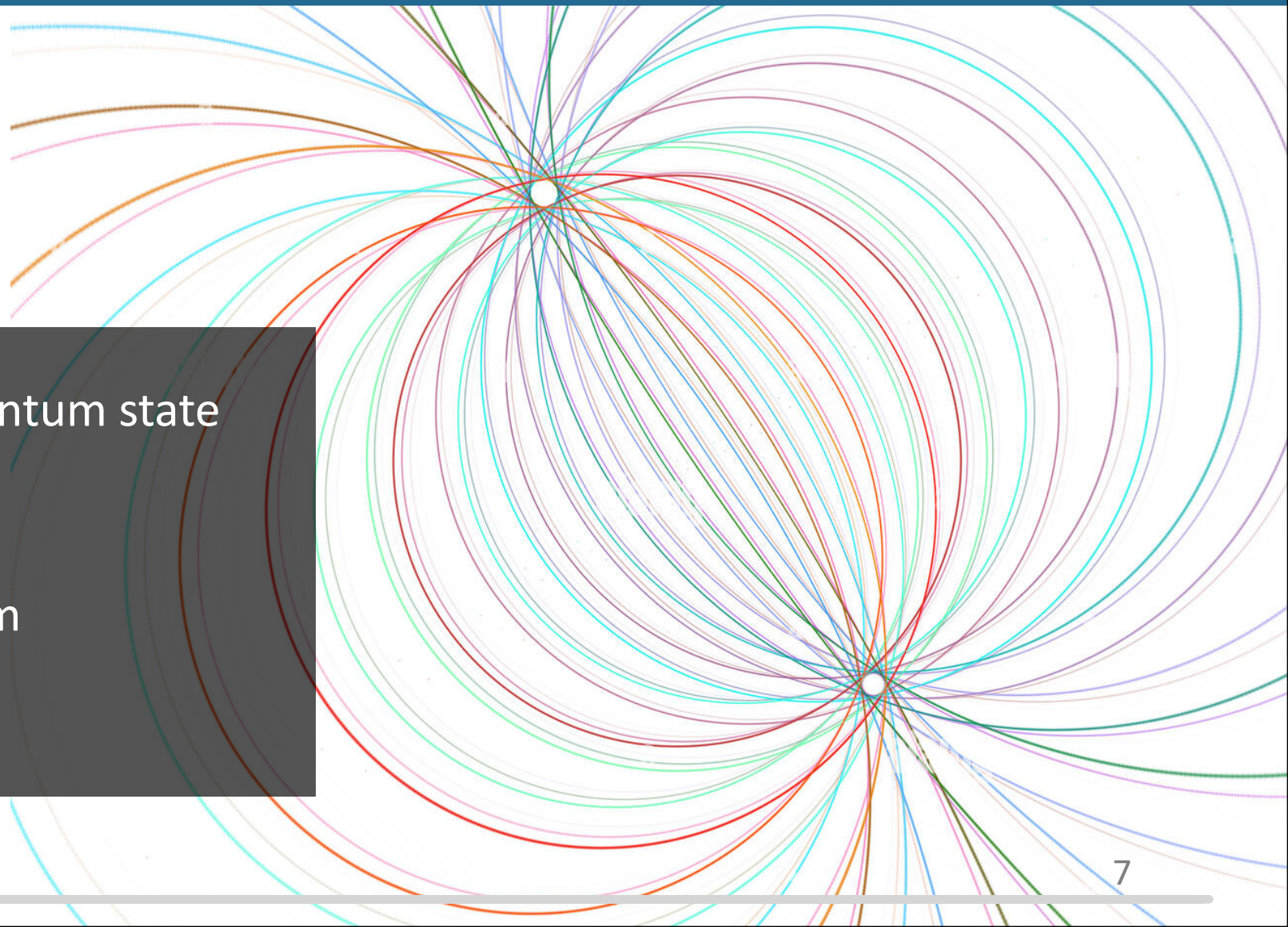
one qubit can be impacted by the other entangled qubit directly

Motivation

Visualization for multi-qubit state

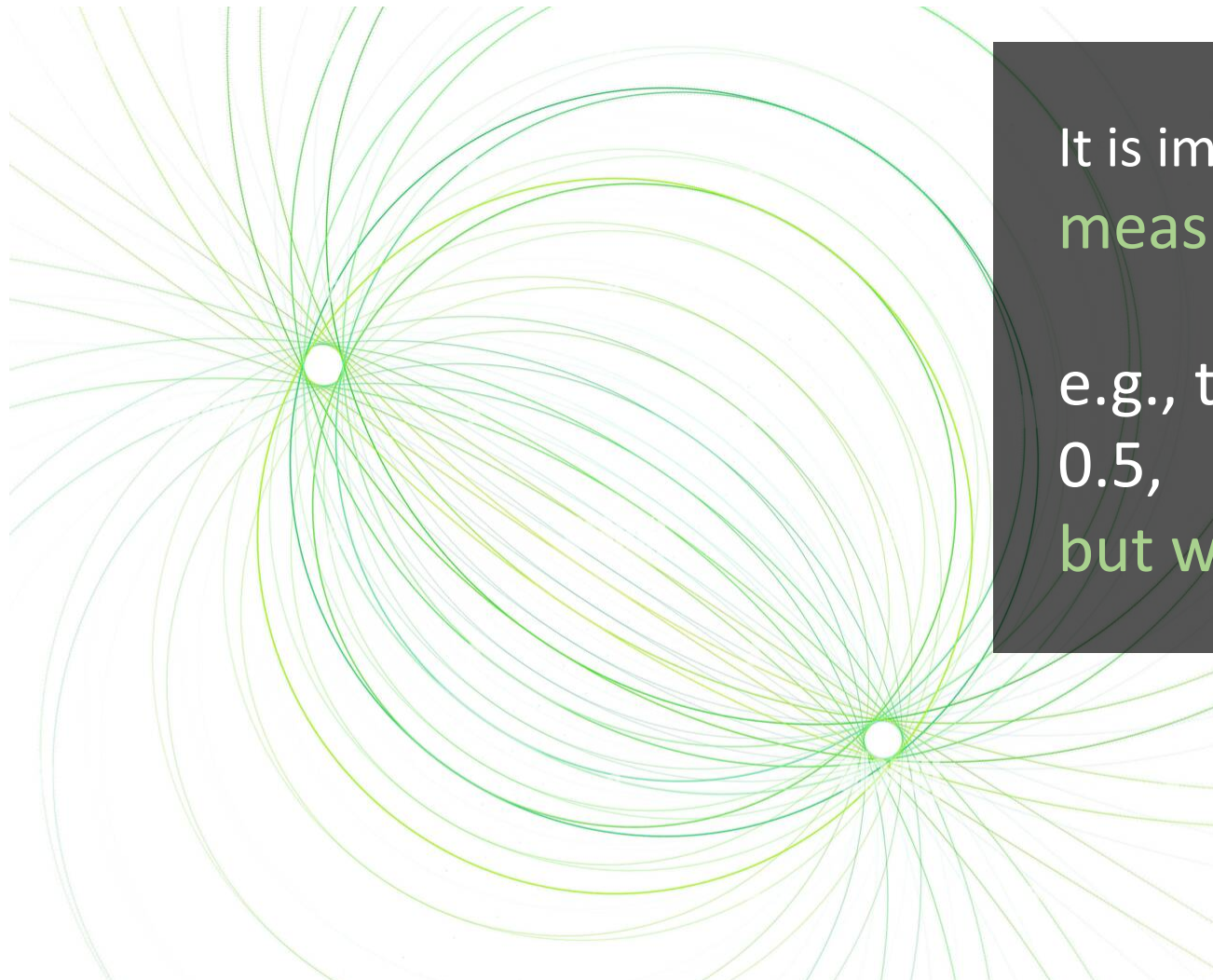
It is important to visualize the quantum state
with **more than one qubit**

the basic requirement for quantum
entanglements



Motivation

Visualization for explaining probability

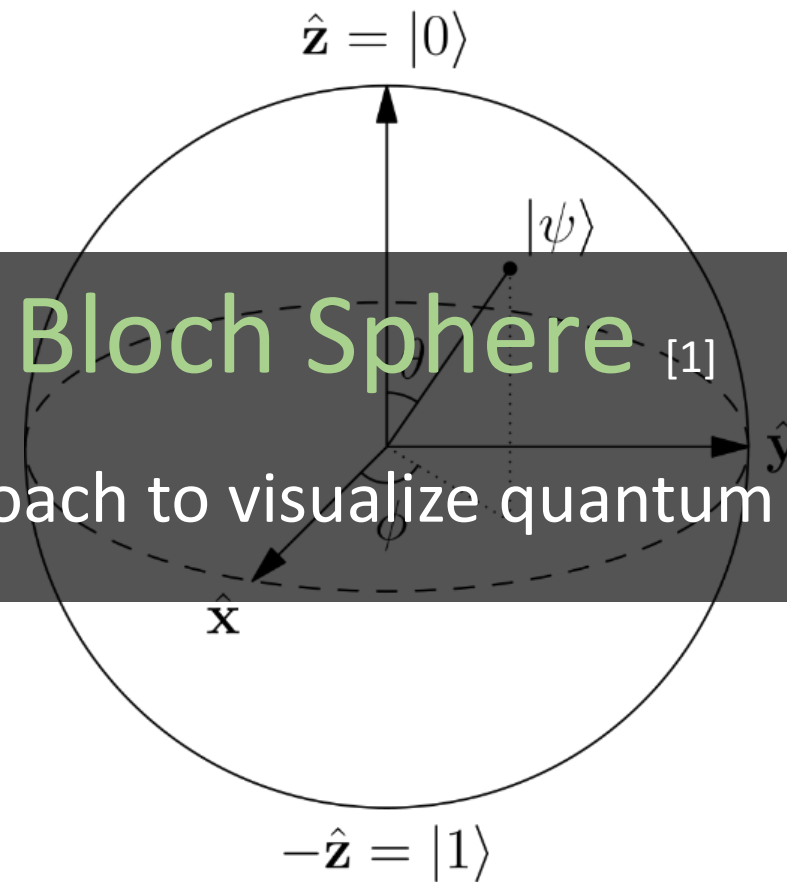


It is important to visually explain the
measured probability of basis states

e.g., the probability of state $|0\rangle$ is, say
0.5,
but why?

Existing work

Bloch Sphere



A widely-used approach to visualize quantum states today

[1] Bloch, Felix. "Nuclear induction." Physical review 70.7-8 (1946): 460.

Existing work

Bloch Sphere's issues



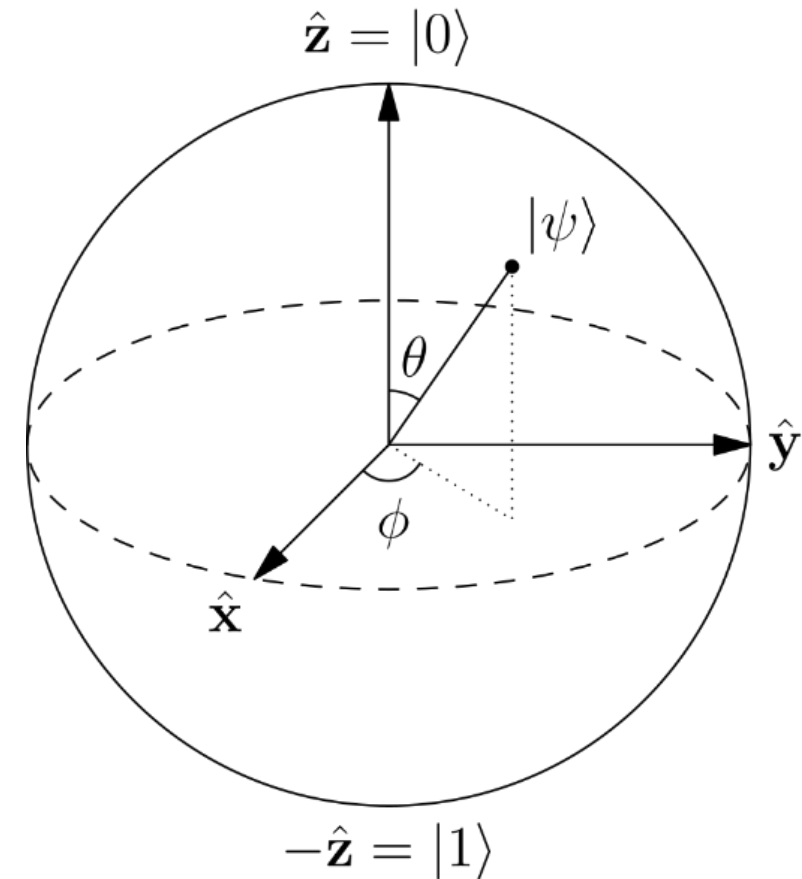
Visualization for **only one qubit** [2]



Non-intuitive representation of **probability**



Inaccurate measurements [3].



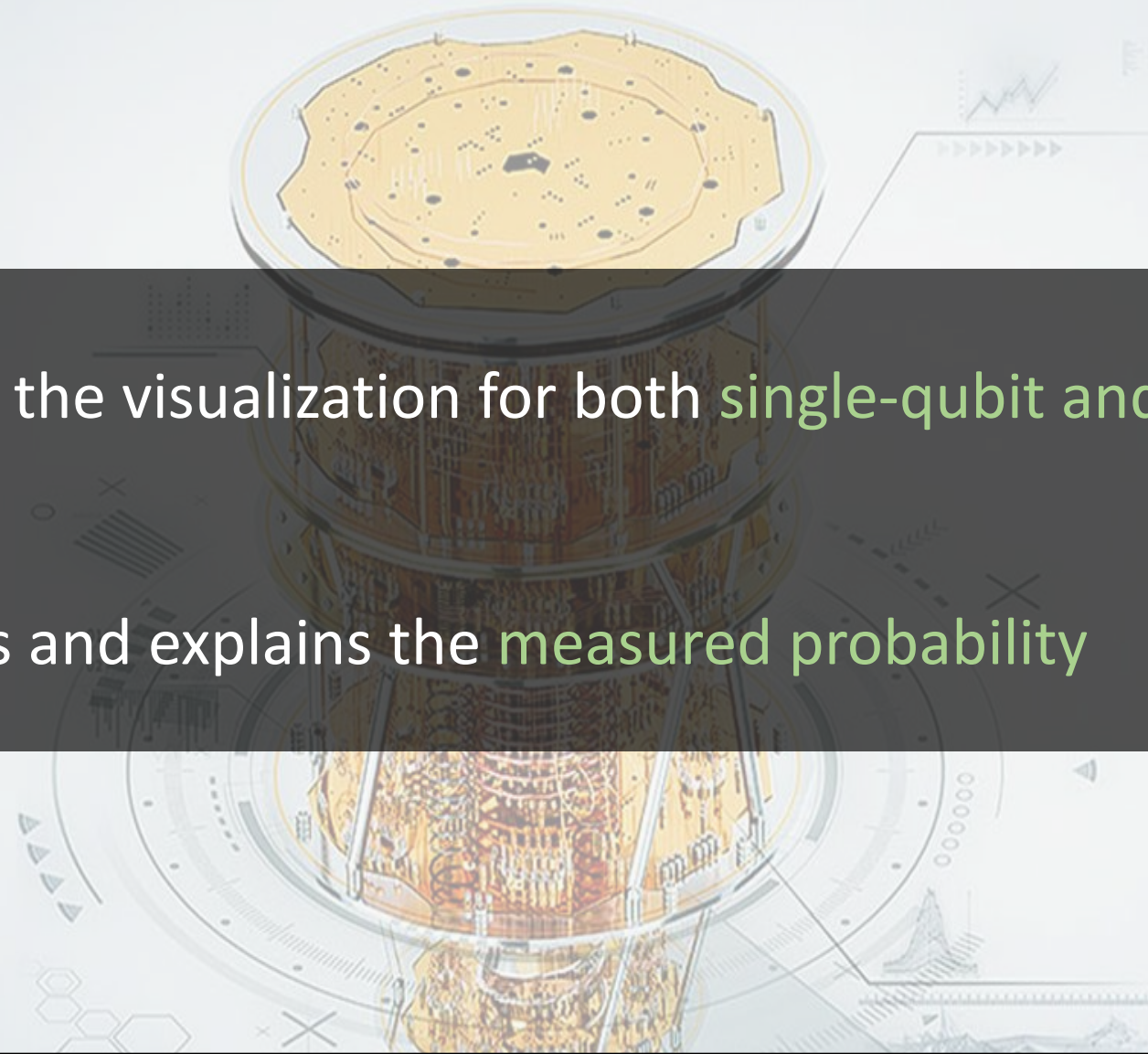
[2] Bardin, Joseph C., Daniel H. Slichter, and David J. Reilly. "Microwaves in quantum computing." IEEE journal of microwaves 1.1 (2021): 403-427.

[3] Tory, Melanie, et al. "Visualization task performance with 2D, 3D, and combination displays." IEEE transactions on visualization and computer graphics 12.1 (2005): 2-13.

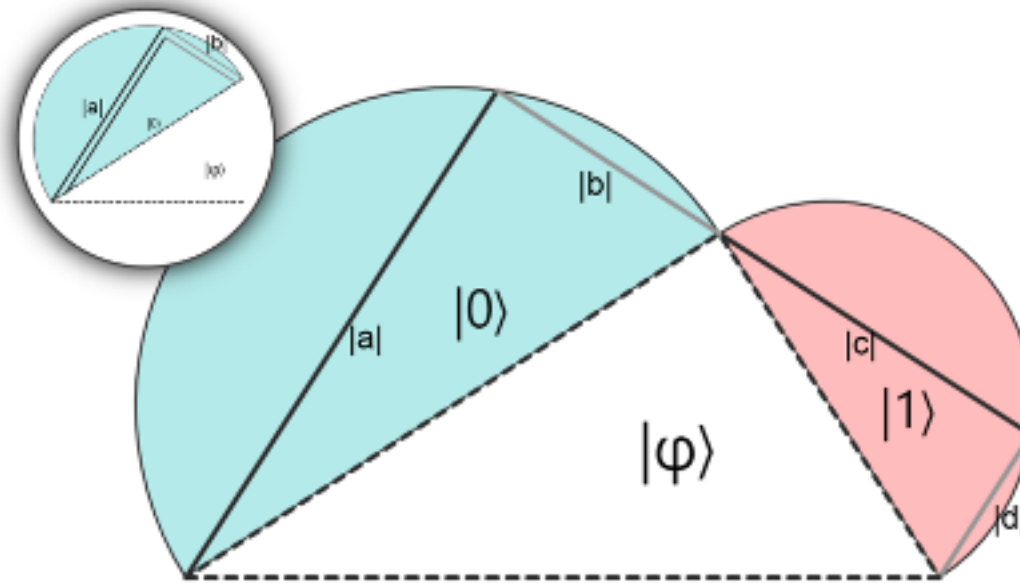
VENUS

High-level summary

- VENUS supports the visualization for both **single-qubit and two-qubit states**
- VENUS visualizes and explains the **measured probability**

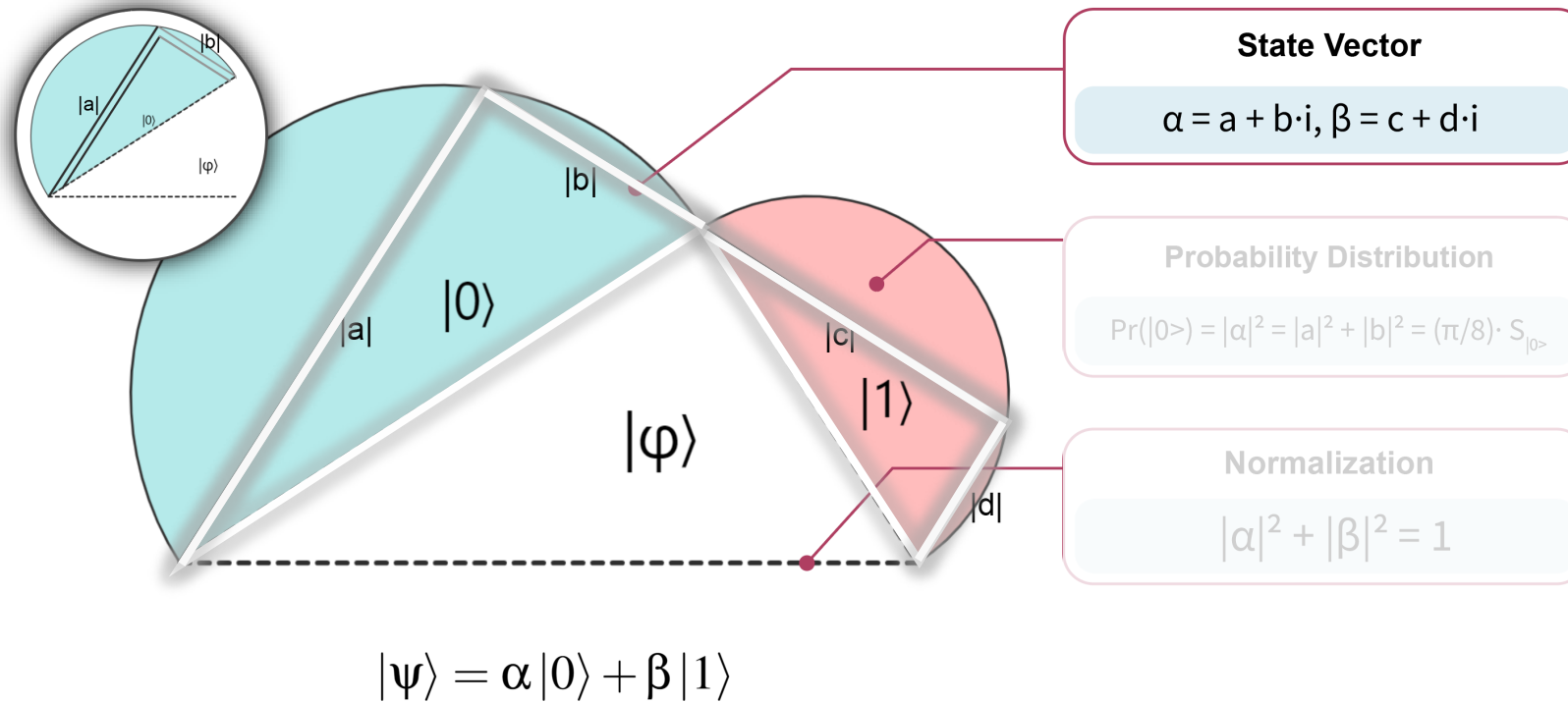


Single-qubit state visualization

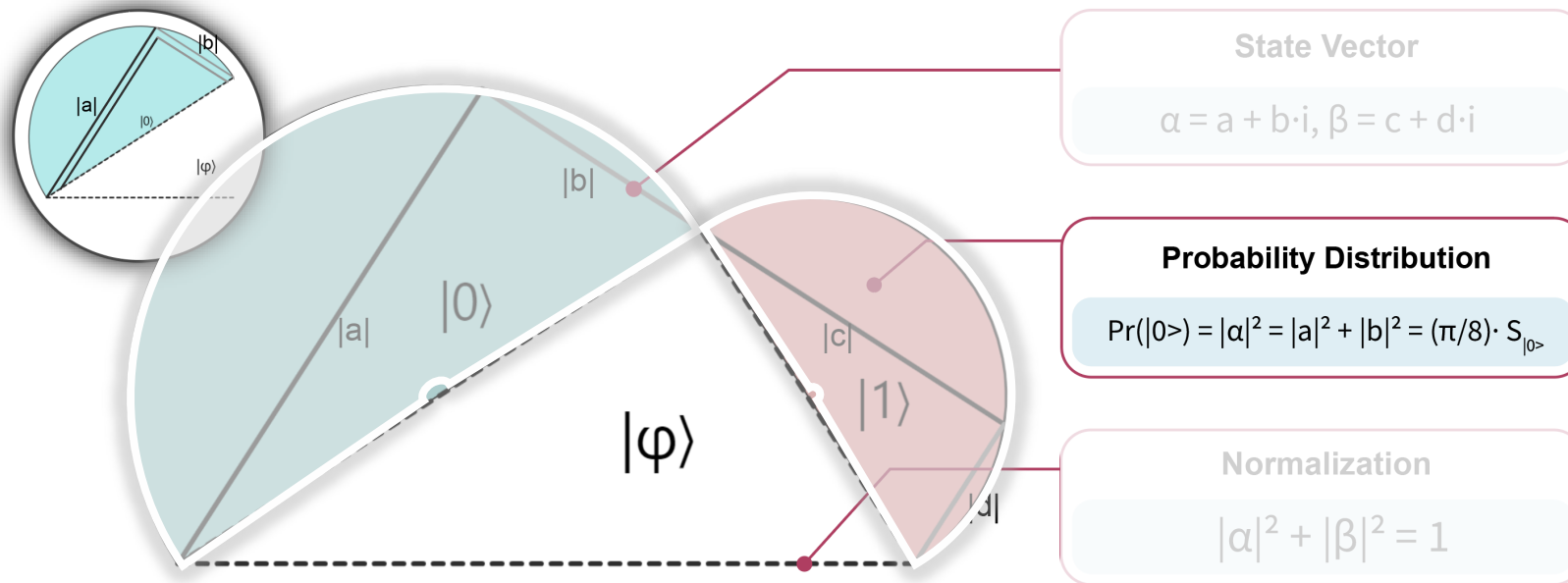


$$|\psi\rangle = \alpha|0\rangle + \beta|1\rangle$$

Single-qubit state visualization



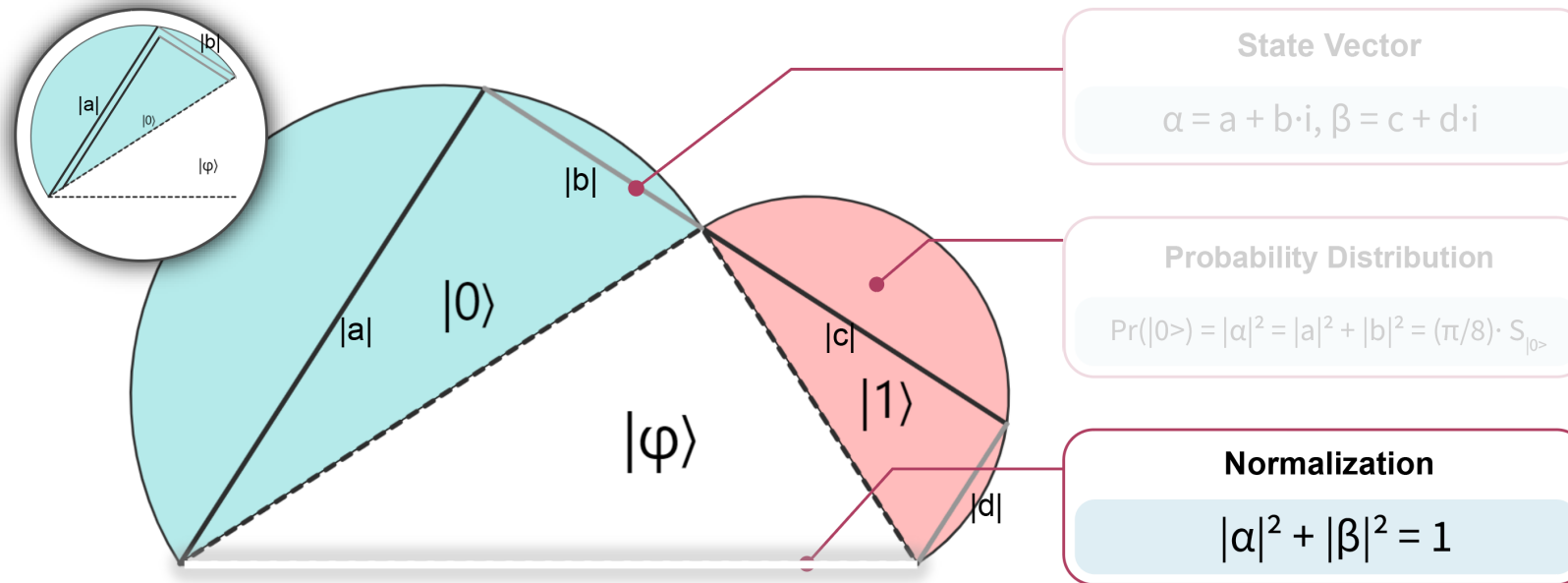
Single-qubit state visualization



$$|\psi\rangle = \alpha|0\rangle + \beta|1\rangle$$

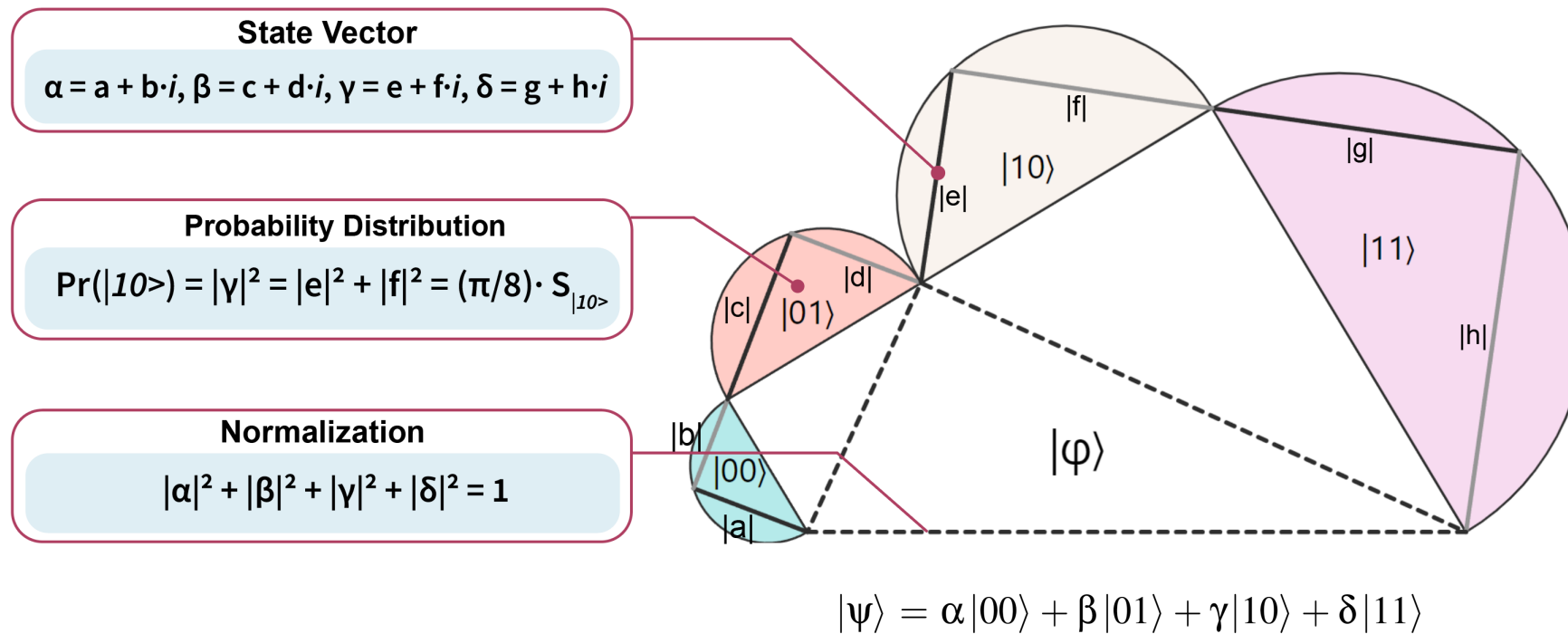
$$S_{semicircle} = \frac{\pi}{8} \cdot (|a|^2 + |b|^2)$$

Single-qubit state visualization



$$|\psi\rangle = \alpha|0\rangle + \beta|1\rangle$$

Two-qubit state visualization



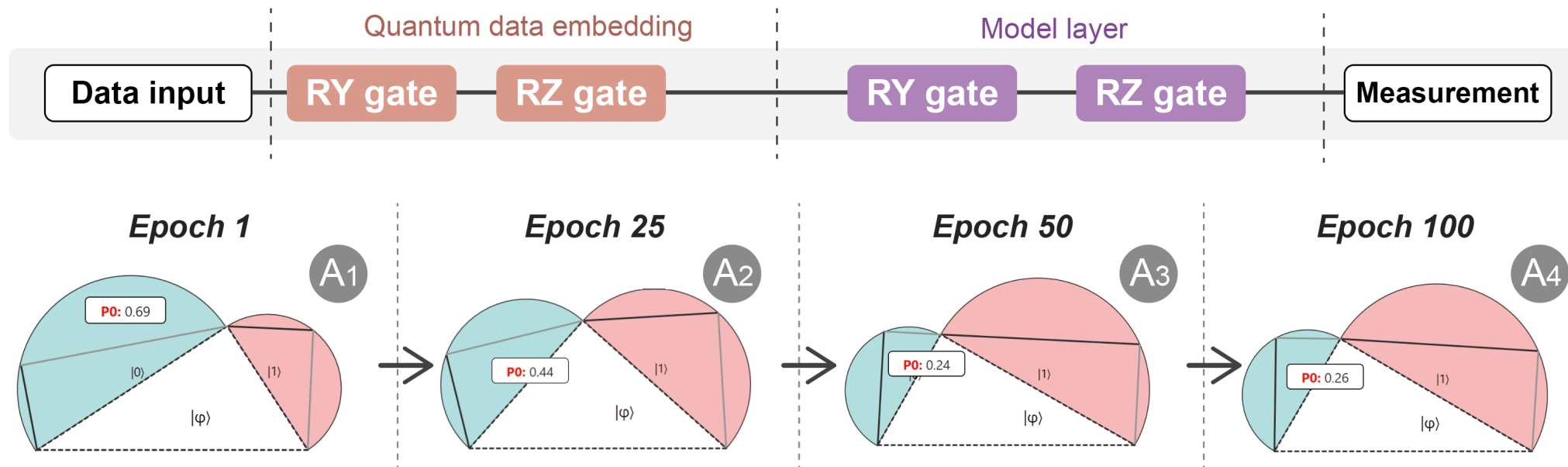
Quantum classifier

- Iris dataset [4]

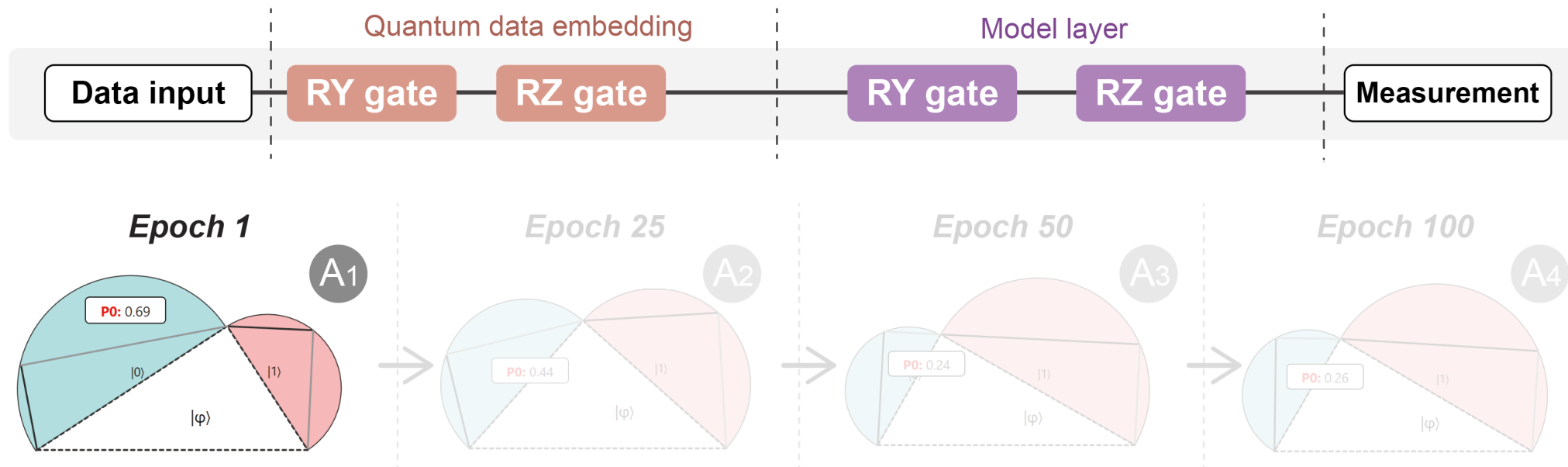


[4] Iris dataset. <https://archive.ics.uci.edu/ml/datasets/iris>

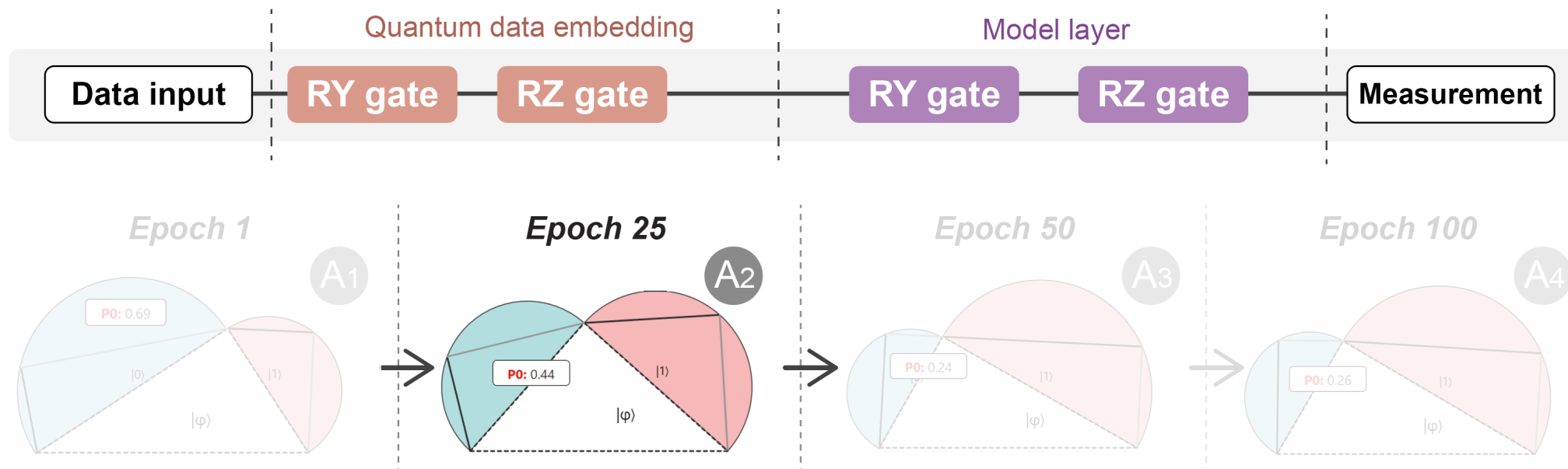
Quantum classifier example



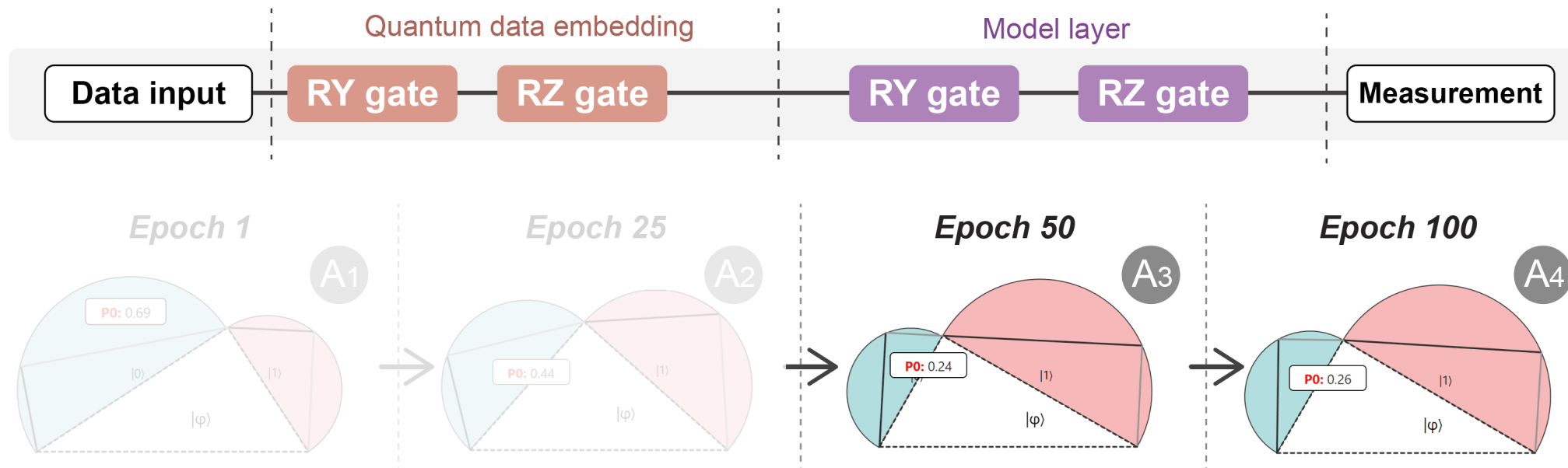
Quantum classifier example



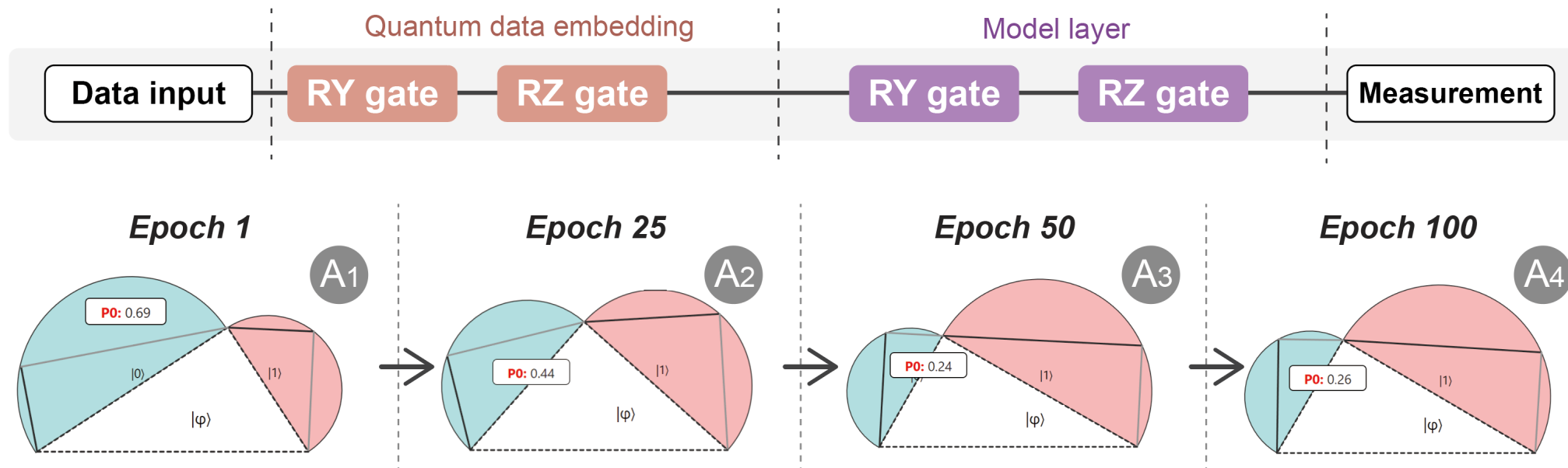
Quantum classifier example



Quantum classifier example



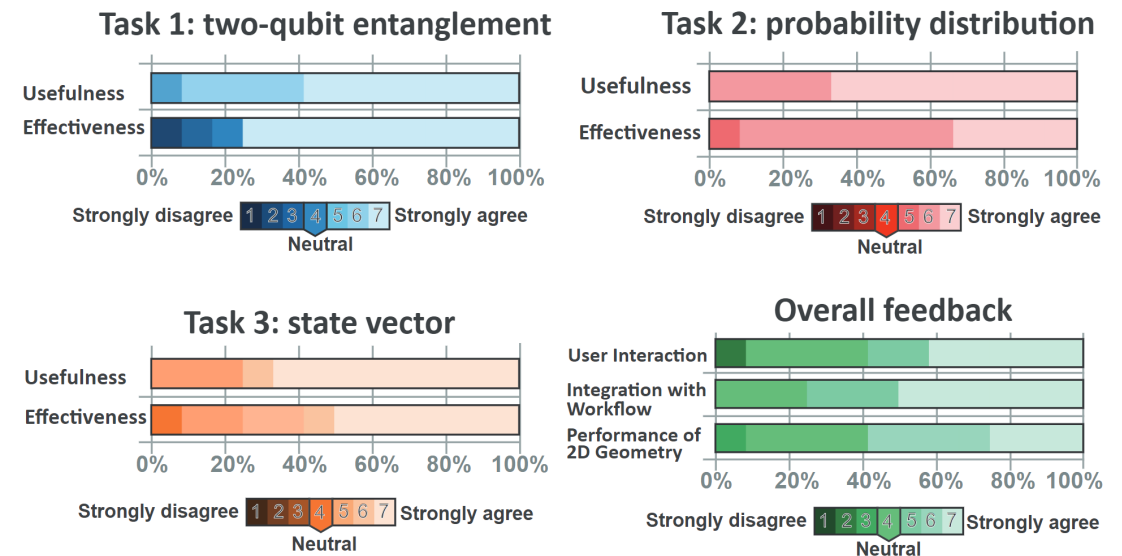
Quantum classifier example



Tasks:

Q1	It is useful to show the quantum entanglement when observing quantum states.
Q2	It is easy to identify the entangled states via the visually correlated semicircles.
Q3	It is helpful to show the probability distribution of each state.
Q4	It is intuitive to show probability distribution via the semi-circle area.
Q5	It is informative to represent states via the state vectors.
Q6	It is easy to identify the state vectors via the line pairs within each semicircle.
Q7	The user interactions in the interface are useful and smooth.
Q8	The design can be integrated into the workflow well.
Q9	The 2D visual design is easy to view.

Results:



“I like the idea of using the probability calculation equation to naturally visualize the probability distribution. I can directly check the probability without any manual calculation.”



In the future, we aim to improve

- time-consuming input of state vectors
- scalability of qubit numbers

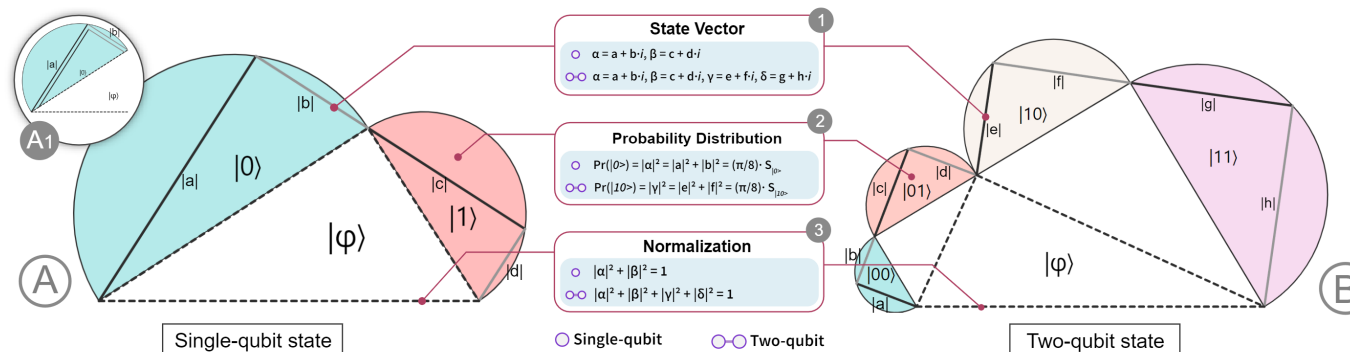
We propose **VENUS**, a geometrical visualization for quantum state visualization

1. Probability visualization

Allow the explicit representation of measured probability
Visually explain the probability via the state vectors

2. Two-qubit state visualization

Support the single-qubit and two-qubit state visualization



Thank you for your attention!

Q&A

VENUS: A Geometrical Representation for Quantum State Visualization



Shaolun
RUAN



Ribo
YUAN



Qiang
GUAN



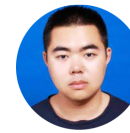
Yanna
LIN



Ying
MAO



Weiwen
JIANG



Zhepeng
WANG



Wei
XU



Yong
WANG



Email: slruan.2021@phdcs.smu.edu.sg
My homepage: <https://shaolun-ruan.com/>

